A. 

Adult females | 129S2
--- | ---
Control: n=126 | Dazl-deficient: n=40

Juvenile males | 129S2
--- | ---
Control: n=148 | Dazl-deficient: n=35

\[ P = 0.057 \]

B. 

Adult females | 129SF1
--- | ---
Control: n=83 | Dazl-deficient: n=78

\[ P = \text{ns} \]

C. 

Adult females | 129S4
--- | ---
Control: n=23 | Dazl-deficient: n=23

Juvenile males | 129S4
--- | ---
Control: n=66 | Dazl-deficient: n=25

\[ P = \text{ns} \]

D. 

Juvenile males | 129S4
--- | ---
Control: n=50 | Dazl-deficient: n=50

\[ P = \text{ns} \]

E. Testicular teratomas in 129S4 Dazl/Bax double knockout mice

\[ n=17 \]

F. Ovarian teratomas in 129S4 Dazl/Bax double knockout mice

\[ n=23 \]
Fig. S6. Rate of spontaneous teratoma formation in mice.

(A) Incidence of gonadal teratomas in control and 129S2.\textit{Dazl}-deficient mice. Females were dissected at two months of age, and males at four weeks of age. (B) Incidence of gonadal teratomas in 129SF1.\textit{Dazl}-deficient mice. Females and males were dissected at three months of age. (C) Incidence of teratomas in control and 129S4.\textit{Ddx4}-deficient mice. Females dissected at two months of age, and males at four weeks of age. (D) Incidence of testicular teratomas in \textit{Gcna}-deficient mice. Males were dissected at 28 days of age. (E) Incidence of testicular teratomas in control, 129S4.\textit{Dazl}- and \textit{Bax}-deficient male mice, dissected at 28 days of age. (F) Incidence of ovarian teratomas in control, 129S4.\textit{Dazl}- and \textit{Bax}-deficient female mice, dissected at two months of age. $n$ = number of animals examined, NA = not assessed, *** $< 0.001$ using Fisher’s exact test.